In the Claims:

Claims 1-2 (canceled)

3. (currently amended) A method for operation of a position measuring device, which comprises a scanning unit that defines a scanning plane and a measuring graduation that defines a measuring graduation plane, said scanning unit and said measuring graduation are movable relative to one another during a measurement operation, and position-dependent output signals are generated during scanning performed by said scanning unit, said method comprising:

regulating said position-dependent output signals to constant signal amplitudes by action on a controlling variable;

ascertaining a value of said controlling variable required for said regulating;

converting said value of said controlling variable into a digital signal suitable for serial transmission;

an electronic evaluation unit downstream of said position measuring device via a transmission device;

displaying said converted value of said controlling variable; and

The method of claim 2, further comprising:

setting a scanning spacing between said scanning plane and said measuring graduation plane with the aid of said displayed value of said controlling variable, which acts as a measure for a current scanning spacing for setting a predetermined, optimal scanning spacing.

- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 3 2, wherein said regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a current supply of a transmission coil as a function of said controlling variable.
- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 3 2, wherein said regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a gain of an amplifier element as a function of said controlling variable.
- 6. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>3</u> 2, wherein the regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a luminosity of a light source as a function of said controlling variable.
 - 7. (currently amended) The method of claim $\underline{3}$ 2, further comprising

transmitting said digital signal in a serial protocol at a predetermined bit width to said electronic evaluation unit.

- 8. (previously presented) The method of claim 3, further comprising converting said transmitted value of said controlling variable into a variable that corresponds directly to said current scanning spacing.
- 9. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>3</u> 2, wherein said displaying comprises having said value of said controlling variable displayed in a form of an alphanumeric variable.
- 10. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>3</u> 2, wherein said displaying comprises having said value of said controlling variable displayed in graphic form.
- 11. (currently amended) The method of claim <u>3</u> 2, wherein said setting is performed by a calibration element.
- 12. (currently amended) The method of claim $\underline{3}$ 2, wherein said positiondependent output signals comprise a first periodic signal $A = A_0 * \sin(xt)$ and a second

periodic signal $B = B_0 * cos(xt)$, said method further comprising:

forming a variable $R^2 = A^2 + B^2$ which is representative of said value of said controlling variable used during said regulating.

Claims 13-14 (canceled).

15. (currently amended) A position measuring device for generating positiondependent output signals, comprising:

a scanning element by which a scanning plane is defined;

a measuring graduation movable relative to said scanning element and defining a measuring graduation plane;

a regulating device for regulating output signals to constant signal

amplitudes, in that said regulating device acts upon a predetermined controlling variable,

to which end a requisite value of said controlling variable for the purpose of regulating is

ascertained continuously by said regulating device;

into a digital signal suitable for serial transmission, wherein said conversion device is

followed by a transmission device for transmitting said digital signal in a defined serial transmission protocol to an electronic evaluation unit; and

The position measuring device of claim 16, further comprising a calibration element for setting a scanning spacing, which is defined as \underline{a} the spacing between said scanning plane and said measuring graduation plane.

Claim 16 (canceled)

- 17. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim <u>15</u> 16, wherein said transmission device is embodied as a synchronous serial interface.
- 18. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim <u>15</u> 16, further comprising a display device that displays said transmitted value of said controlling variable.
- 19. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim <u>15</u> 16, further comprising a transmission coil and a reception coil in said scanning plane.
- 20. (original) The position measuring device of claim 19, wherein said regulating device varies a current supply of said transmission coil as a controlling variable.

- 21. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim <u>15</u> 16, wherein said regulating device varies an amplitude of an amplifier element as a function of said controlling variable.
- 22. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim <u>15</u> 16, further comprising a light source and a detector element.
- 23. (original) The position measuring device of claim 22, wherein said regulating device varies a luminosity of said light source, to which end a current of said light source, as a controlling variable, can be varied.

Claim 24 (canceled)

25. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, further comprising:

converting said value of said controlling variable into a digital signal suitable for serial transmission; and

transmitting said digital signal to an electronic evaluation unit downstream of said position measuring device.

26. (previously presented) A method for operation of a position measuring device, which comprises a scanning unit that defines a scanning plane and a measuring graduation that defines a measuring graduation plane, said scanning plane and said measuring graduation plane being separated by a scanning spacing, said scanning unit and said measuring graduation are movable relative to one another during a measurement operation, and position-dependent output signals are generated during scanning performed by said scanning unit, said method comprising:

regulating said position-dependent output signals to constant signal amplitudes by action on a controlling variable;

ascertaining a value of said controlling variable required for said regulating;

converting said controlling variable into a variable that directly corresponds to an actual scanning spacing;

displaying said value of said variable that directly corresponds to said actual scanning spacing; and

setting a scanning spacing between said scanning plane and said measuring graduation plane with the aid of said displayed value of said variable that directly corresponds to said actual scanning spacing, which acts as a measure for a current scanning spacing for setting a predetermined, optimal scanning spacing.

- 27. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a current supply of a transmission coil as a function of said controlling variable.
- 28. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a gain of an amplifier element as a function of said controlling variable.
- 29. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said regulating said position-dependent output signals to a constant signal amplitude comprises varying a luminosity of a light source as a function of said controlling variable.
- 30. (original) The method of claim 25, further comprising transmitting said digital signal in a serial protocol at a predetermined bit width to said electronic evaluation unit.
- 31. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said displaying comprises having said value of said variable that directly corresponds to said actual

scanning spacing displayed in a form of an alphanumeric variable.

- 32. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said displaying comprises having said value of said variable that directly corresponds to said actual scanning spacing displayed in graphic form.
- 33. (original) The method of claim 25, wherein said setting is performed by a calibration element.
- 34. (previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein said position-dependent output signals comprise a first periodic signal $A = A_0 * \sin(xt)$ and a second periodic signal $B = B_0 * \cos(xt)$, said method further comprising:

forming a variable $R^2 = A^2 + B^2$ which is representative of said value of said controlling variable used during said regulating.

35. (currently amended) A method for operation of a position measuring device, which comprises a scanning unit that defines a scanning plane and a measuring graduation that defines a measuring graduation plane, said scanning unit and said measuring graduation are movable relative to one another during a measurement

operation, and position-dependent output signals are generated during scanning performed by said scanning unit, said method comprising:

regulating said position-dependent output signals to constant signal amplitudes by action on a controlling variable;

ascertaining a value of said controlling variable required for said regulating;

converting said value of said controlling variable into a digital signal suitable for serial transmission;

an electronic evaluation unit downstream of said position measuring device via a transmission device, wherein said transmitted digital signal is transmitted with a predetermined bit width;

displaying said converted value of said controlling variable. The method of claim 2, wherein said displayed value of said converted controlling variable is evaluated as a general measure for a functional state of said position measuring device.

36. (currently amended) The position measuring device of claim 15 16, wherein said serial data transfer between said transmission device of said position measuring device and said evaluation unit takes place via a data line and a clock line.